



Owner:

No.: Issued: Valid to: Egernsund Wienerberger A/S: Vesterled Teglværk MD-21062-EN\_rev1 08-11-2021 08-11-2026

# 3<sup>rd</sup> PARTY **VERIFIED**



VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013

# LESS







Valid to:

08-11-2026

### **Owner of declaration**

Egernsund Wienerberger A/S Rørmosevej 85 DK-3200 Helsinge CVR: 10502306

# **Programme operator**

Danish Technological Institute Gregersensvej 2630 Taastrup

# Programme

**EPD** Danmark Gregersensvej 2630 Taastrup www.epddanmark.dk

#### **Declared product**

1 tonne of "yellow" bricks (yellow and sand-colored bricks) of the production line LESS based on Danish yellow-, and red-firing clay, e.g. EW2115, EW2123, EW2166 and EW2173. Produced using certified biogas (bionaturgas) and certified green electricity.

### **Production site**

Vesterled Tealværk Vandmøllevei 1 6400 Sønderborg

#### Product use

Bricks are used to build walls, pillars and partitions.

#### **Declared unit**

1 tonne of "yellow" bricks (yellow and sand-colored bricks) based on Danish yellow-, and red-firing clay and produced at Vesterled Teglværk using certified biogas. Certified green electricity is used at production site. Expected average reference service life of 150 years.

#### **EPD** version

Rev 1, 08-11-2021: Density and product pictures adjusted to new design of brick.



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in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013.

#### Comparability

**Issued:** 

08-11-2021

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

#### Validity

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

#### Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

#### **EPD type**

□Cradle-to-gate □Cradle-to-gate with options ⊠Cradle-to-grave

Tiles & Bricks Europe (2014) PCR for Clay Construction Products - "Guidance document for developing an EPD" serves as the cPCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025

□ internal

Third party verifier:

⊠ external

Ninly - Buolter

Ninkie Bendtsen

enfer

Martha Katrine Sørensen EPD Danmark

Life	Life cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)															
Product Construction process			ruction cess				Use					End o	of life		Beyond the system boundary	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x





# Product information

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**Product description** 

The product is a "yellow" brick based on Danish yellow-, and red-firing clay (yellow and sand-colored bricks). Produced using biogas and green electricity. The LESS products are eqipped with holes reducing mass per brick. The product components and packaging materials are shown in the tables below.

Weight-% of declared product

	Flatenal	Weight 70 of accidica produce
	Danish red clay	28
	Danish blue clay	55
	Chamotte	0,076
	Sand	14
	Manganese oxide	0,80
	Engobe	0,34
	Water	2,0
	TOTAL	100
	Packaging	Weight-% of packaging
	LDPE-film	68
	Plastic strap (PET)	2
	Cardboard	30
	TOTAL	100
Representativeness	This declaration, including data collect and the results, represents 1 tonne located in Nybøl, Sønderborg, Denm on average values collected from 202 Background data are based on the few datasets from Ecoinvent. Genera of high quality and less than or 5 ye years old.	tion, the modelled foreground system e of bricks from the production site hark. Product specific data are based 20. GaBi database, supplemented with a Ily, the used background datasets are ars old. All datasets are less than 10
Dangerous substances	Bricks do not contain substances liste of Very High Concern for authorisatio ( <u>http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-lis</u> Absence of these substances are dec	d in the "Candidate List of Substances on" <u>st-table</u> ) lared by the producer.
Essential characteristics (CE)	Bricks are covered by the scope of 1:2011+A1:2015. Furthermore, DoP for each covered brick.	f the harmonized standard EN 771- 's (Declaration of Performance) exist
	DoP's Egernsund Wienerberger's web ( <u>https://www.egernsund.com/vaerkt</u> teknisk-information/dop-ce-deklarati	osite. <u>ojer-service/projektberegning-</u> oner.html).
	For further technical information of manufacturer or on the manufacturer	can be obtained by contacting the rs website:

https://www.egernsund.com





Reference Service Life (RSL)

150 years.

RSL is based on the cPCR for clay construction products: "For clay construction products, the RSL is 150 years. Studies have shown that clay construction products stand out with their high durability and prevail with no maintenance and a life span of 150 years or more".

Product illustrations:

The illustrated products below are examples of products covered by this EPD.



EW2115 Sommer



EW2169 Cold Hawaii



EW2166 Sisteron

Links to product examples:



EW2173 Cassis Coal

https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/facademursten/ew2115sommer.html https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/facademursten/ew2166sisteron.html https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/facademursten/ew2173cassis-coal.html https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/facademursten/ew2169cold-hawaii.html





# LCA background

**Declared unit** 

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relates to 1 tonne of bricks.

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	tonne
Density	1350-1550	kg/m³
Conversion factor to 1 kg.	0,001	-

PCR

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013 and the product specific PCR "TBE PCR for clay construction products" (cPCR).

This EPD does not include additional impact categories recommended in the PCR since these have not commonly been included in former danish EPDs on bricks and since these categories are now outdated and new versions included in EN15804+A2.





**Flow diagram** 



The flow diagram conforms with the requirements in the modular approach and shows the production phase A3 for brick production (Vesterled Teglværk only uses "soft stone press", no "extruder" and no "handcut"). The remaining phases are described below.

System boundary

This EPD is based on a cradle-to-grave LCA (module A1-D), in which 100 weight-% has been accounted for. All relevant processes during the life cycle of the product has been accounted for and no life cycle stages has been omitted, in which significant environmental impacts are taking place. The use stage B1-B7 is assessed to be not relevant.





The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follows the requirements in EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013, 6.3.5, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass and 1 % of energy usage and mass for unit processes.

Key assumptions for the system boundary are described in each life cycle phase.

#### Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

- A1 Extraction and processing of raw materials
- A2 Transport to the production site
- A3 Manufacturing processes

The product stage comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, products and energy, transport to the production site, packaging and waste processing up to the "end-of-waste" state or final disposal. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means, that the sub-modules A1, A2 and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3.

The bricks are packed on wooden pallets which are part of a return system. The impacts from the pallets are deemed to be less than 1 % and they are therefore excluded.

### Construction process stage (A4-A5) includes:

The construction process stage includes:

- A4 transport to the building site
- A5 installation into the building

This includes the provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage. The use of mortar is excluded according to the cPCR. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to any losses during this construction process stage. The loss of bricks is set equal to 3% in mass according to the cPCR. The lost bricks are landfilled, and the packaging is incinerated with energy recovery and the credit is declared in module D.

#### Use stage (B1-B7) includes:

The use stage, related to the building fabric includes:

- B1 use or application of the installed product
- B2 maintenance
- B3 repair
- B4 replacement
- B5 refurbishment

The use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

- B6 operational energy use
- B7 operational water use

These information modules include provision and transport of all materials, products, as well as energy and water provisions, waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during this part of the use stage.





According to the cPCR these modules do in general not generate relevant environmental impacts and therefore has a value of zero.

# End-of-life stage (C1-C4 + D)

The end-of-life stage includes:

- C1 de-construction, demolition
- C2 transport to waste processing
- C3 waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling
- C4 disposal

C1 can be ignored according to the cPCR, whereas the rest of the modules are included using national scenarios. In C4 1% of the bricks are landfilled.

Module D includes the reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials, expressed as net impacts and benefits. These include the energy produced in A5 (incineration of packaging) and substitution of gravel from the recycling of crushed bricks.

**Cut-off criteria** The general rules for cut-offs of inputs and outputs in the EPD follows the rules in EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013 chapter 6.3.5. The maximum cut-off of input flows for a module is 5% for energy use and mass, while it is maximum 1% for unit processes.





# LCA results

	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNE								
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	1,43E+02	3,24E+00	4,69E+00	0,00E+00	2,46E+00	7,04E-01	1,39E-01	-3,39E+00
ODP	[kg CFC11-eq.]	2,30E-06	5,63E-16	2,90E-15	0,00E+00	4,28E-16	1,23E-16	7,60E-16	-5,01E-14
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	8,18E-01	2,36E-03	3,73E-03	0,00E+00	1,80E-03	2,11E-03	8,32E-04	-1,13E-02
EP	[kg PO4 <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	2,44E-01	4,70E-04	5,65E-04	0,00E+00	3,57E-04	4,93E-04	9,43E-05	-2,24E-03
POCP	[kg ethene-eq.]	3,46E-02	-3,77E-05	-5,77E-05	0,00E+00	-2,86E-05	2,19E-04	6,39E-05	-1,09E-03
ADPE	[kg Sb-eq.]	4,55E-04	2,52E-07	7,32E-08	0,00E+00	1,92E-07	5,52E-08	1,40E-08	-6,52E-07
ADPF	[MJ]	7,11E+02	4,38E+01	1,06E+01	0,00E+00	3,33E+01	9,59E+00	1,89E+00	-4,53E+01
Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Ozone depletion potential; AP = Acidification potential of soil and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Photochemical ozone creation potential; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources								

	RESOURCE USE PER TONNE								
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	5,56E+03	2,46E+00	1,16E+00	0,00E+00	1,87E+00	5,38E-01	2,62E-01	-2,12E+01
PERM	[MJ]	6,72E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	5,57E+03	2,46E+00	1,16E+00	0,00E+00	1,87E+00	5,38E-01	2,62E-01	-2,12E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	8,35E+02	4,41E+01	1,08E+01	0,00E+00	3,35E+01	9,65E+00	1,95E+00	-5,20E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	4,50E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	8,80E+02	4,41E+01	1,08E+01	0,00E+00	3,35E+01	9,65E+00	1,95E+00	-5,20E+01
SM	[kg]	8,40E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	8,31E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m³]	1,66E+00	2,81E-03	1,08E-02	0,00E+00	2,14E-03	6,16E-04	4,81E-04	-1,40E-02
Caption	Caption PERE = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENR = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PENR = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary material; RSF = Use						raw materials; PERT = PENRM = Use of non enewable secondary		





	WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNE									
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
HWD	[kg]	3,76E-06	2,22E-09	9,62E-10	0,00E+00	1,69E-09	4,86E-10	2,07E-10	-1,93E-08	
NHWD	[kg]	1,04E+01	6,54E-03	3,01E+01	0,00E+00	4,98E-03	1,43E-03	9,72E+00	-4,01E+01	
RWD	[kg]	8,18E-03	5,33E-05	1,02E-04	0,00E+00	4,05E-05	1,17E-05	2,04E-05	-2,59E-03	
CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00								
MFR	[kg]	9,47E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,61E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	

MER	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,05E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,43E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Caption	HWD = Hazardous	waste disposed; NHW	D = Non hazardous w for energy	aste disposed; RWD = / recovery; EEE = Exp	<ul> <li>Radioactive waste dis orted electrical energy</li> </ul>	sposed; CRU = Comp /; EET = Exported the	onents for re-use; MFF mal energy	R = Materials for recyc	ling; MER = Materials





# Additional information

Technical information on scenarios

### Transport to the building site (A4)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Fuel type and consumption	Diesel (0,018 L/tkm)	-
Truck type	Euro 6 more than 32t gross weight / 24,7 t payload capacity	-
Transport distance	50	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	61	%
Gross density of transported product	1350-1550	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Capacity utilisation, volume factor	1	-

#### Installation of the product in the building (A5)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Waste material (bricks)	30	kg
Waste material (packaging)	1,5	kg
Direct emissions to air, soil and waste	0	kg

#### Use (B1-B7)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Not relevant		

#### Reference service life

Reference service Life	150 years
Declaration of performance (at gate) etc.	DoP
Instructions of use	DoP
Assumed quality of installation work according to producer guidelines	www.mur-tag.dk/udfoerelse/murerhaandbogen-2020/
Outdoor environment – weather, wind, pollution, UV etc.	https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/teknisk- information.html
Indoor environment – temperature, moisture etc.	https://sbi.dk/Assets/Muret-byggeri-og-indeklima_1/Muret- byggeri-og-indeklima.pdf
Use conditions – mechanical tear, use frequency etc.	https://www.egernsund.com/produkter/mursten/teknisk- information.html
Maintenance (frequency, type, quality, replacements etc.)	Construction Clay Products, TBE 2014

### End of life (C1-C4)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Separated construction waste	970	kg
Mixed construction waste	0	kg
For reuse	0	kg
For recycling	960,3	kg
For energy recovery	0	kg
For landfilling	9,7	Kg

### Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potential (D)

Parameter	Value	Unit
PE	1,03	kg
PET	0,03	kg
Cardboard	0,45	kg
Crushed bricks	960,3	kg



Indoor air The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on measurement of release of regulated dangerous substances from construction products using harmonised test methods according to the provisions of the respective technical committees for European product standards are not available.

Soil and water The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on measurement of release of regulated dangerous substances from construction products using harmonised test methods according to the provisions of the respective technical committees for European product standards are not available.



# References

Publisher	http://www.epddanmark.dk
Programme operator	Danish Technological Institute Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup <u>http://www.teknologisk.dk</u>
LCA-practitioner	Danish Technological Institute Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup http://www.teknologisk.dk
LCA software /background data	GaBi ts, version 10.5.0.78 GaBi ts database, version 10.5 (Content version 2021.1) Ecoinvent, version 3.5
3 <sup>rd</sup> party verifier	Ninkie Bendtsen NIRAS A/S Sortemosevej 19 DK-3450 Allerød www.niras.dk

# General programme instructions

Version 2.0 www.epddanmark.dk

#### EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013

DS/EN 15804 + A1:2013 - "Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

# EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

# ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – " Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

# ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

# ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"

# Tiles & Bricks Europe

TBE PCR for clay construction products (2014) Guidance document for developing an EPD